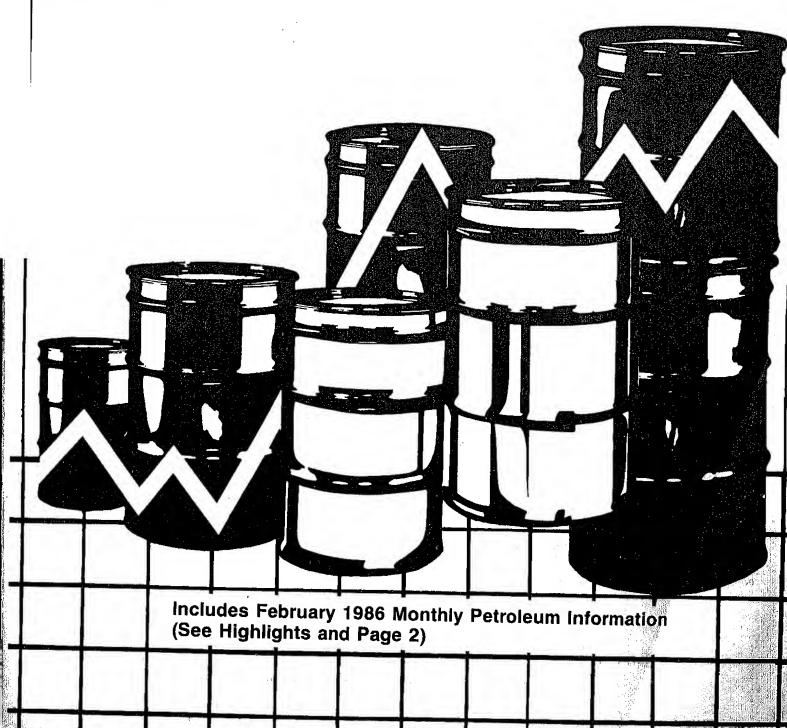
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Energy Information Administration Washington, D.C.

# Weekly Petroleum Status Report



Data for Week Ended: April 25, 1986



The Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) provides timely information on the petroleum supply situation in the context of historical information, selected prices, and forecasts. The WPSR is intended to provide up-to-date information to the industry, the press, planners, policymakers, consumers, analysts, and State and local governments. It is published each Thursday by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). The data contained in this report are based on company submissions for the week ending 7 a.m. the preceding Friday.

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Questions on energy statistics should be addressed to the NEIC. Addresses and telephone numbers appear below.

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#### HIGHLIGHTS

#### Refinery Activity

Crude oil input to refineries averaged 12.3 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending April 25, 1986. Refinery capacity utilization averaged 80.8 percent during the period. During the four weeks ending April 25, 1986, motor gasoline production averaged 6.4 million barrels per day and distillate fuel oil production averaged 2.8 million barrels per day.

#### Stocks

On April 25, 1986, stocks of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) stood at 333.6 million barrels, about 2 percent below the level one year ago. Stocks of total motor gasoline, at 209.1 million barrels, were about 4 percent below the level one year ago. Distillate fuel oil stocks stood at 97.2 million barrels, about the same as the level one year ago. Stocks of residual fuel oil, at 36.7 million barrels, were about 21 percent below the level one year ago.

#### 1mports

Net imports of crude oil (including imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) and petroleum products together averaged 4.4 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending April 25, 1986, about the same as the average a year ago. Gross imports of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) averaged 3.7 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending April 25, 1986.

#### Products Supplied

Total petroleum products supplied averaged 15.7 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending April 25, 1986, which is about 2 percent above the rate supplied a year ago. Motor gasoline was supplied at a rate of 7.2 million barrels per day, which is about 4 percent above the rate supplied a year ago. Distillate fuel oil was supplied at a rate of 2.8 million barrels per day, about 2 percent below the rate supplied a year ago.

#### World Crude Oil Price

- o Malaysia announced a \$1.78 decrease in the price of its Miri 32° to \$13.00 a barrel, retroactive to April 18, 1986.
- o Brunei announced a \$4.35 decrease in the April price of its Seria Light 37° to \$12.15 a barrel.

The weighted average international price of crude oil as of April 29, 1986, is estimated to be \$12.44 a barrel, a decrease of 9 cents from the previous week.

### Spot Market Product Prices

For the week ending April 25, 1986, the average spot market price of 98 octane gasoline on the Rotterdam market increased 58 cents to \$18.75 a barrel; the gasoil price increased \$1.88 to \$22.18 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil remained unchanged at \$10.28 a barrel.

On the New York market, the average spot price of 89 octane regular leaded gasoline increased \$3.57 to \$23.10 a barrel; the price of No. 2 heating oil increased \$1.79 to \$19.22 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil decreased 25 cents to \$12.25 a barrel.

#### February Information From the "Petroleum Supply Monthly"

During February 1986, domestic crude oil production was estimated to have averaged 8.9 million barrels per day, and gross crude oil imports, excluding imports to the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, averaged 3.0 million barrels per day. Refineries processed an average of 11.9 million barrels of crude oil per day during February, operating at an average of 78.2 percent of total capacity. Operable capacity of crude oil distillation units at the beginning of February was reported to be 15.4 million barrels per day, about 2 percent below the capacity reported as of January 1. During February, total petroleum products supplied averaged 16.1 million barrels per day. Finished motor gasoline supplied averaged 6.4 million barrels per day, distillate fuel oil supplied averaged 3.5 million barrels per day, and residual fuel oil supplied averaged 1.4 million barrels per day. (See page 2; February 1986 U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet.)

Petroleum Supply (Thousand Barrels Per Day)	February 1986	Cumulative January-February 1986
Crude Oil Supply (1) Domestic Production (2) Net Imports (Incl. SPR) (3) Gross Imports (Excl. SPR) (4) SPR Imports (5) Exports (6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (8) Product Supplied and Losses (9) Unaccounted-for Crude Oil	8,940 2,843 2,981 24 162 -35 0 -68 241	8,941 3,015 3,137 38 160 -35 -224 -67 529
(10) Crude 0il Input to Refineries	11,921	12,159
Other Supply (11) NGL Production (12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude Oil Product Supplied (14) Processing Gain (15) Net Product Imports <sup>3</sup> (16) Gross Product Imports <sup>3</sup> (17) Product Exports (18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	1,710 35 68 561 913 1,617 704 847	1,716 45 65 569 1,149 1,848 699
(19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	16,056	15,986
Product Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline (21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel (22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel (23) Distillate Fuel Oil (24) Residual Fuel Oil (25) Other Oils Supplied	6,438 183 1,094 3,455 1,443 3,443	6,464 193 1,086 3,343 1,439 3,461
(26) Total Products Supplied	16,056	15,986
Petroleum Stocks (Million Barrels)	February 28, 1986	**************************************
le Oil (Excl. SPR) <sup>5</sup> or Gasoline	331.9 244.8 79.5	
Components Jet Fuel let Fuel Oil	127.1 38.2 6.3 37.8 112.8 42.7 104.1 139.3	
1. SPR)	1,019.7	
I. SPR)	495.4 1,515.0	

ase condensate,
"Gross Imports (line 3) + SPR Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).

Tished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural
for processing.

Ide oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases, other liquids, and
considered products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.

Ide oil in transit to refineries.

Stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids, other
stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids, other
stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids, other
stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids, other
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Petroleum Supply		Averages	n	Daily	Tative Averages	
(Thousand Barrels per Day)	04/25/86	od Ending 04/25/85	Percent Change	1986	Days 1985	Percent Change
Crude Oil Supply			**************************************			
(1) Domestic Production	E8,833	8,854	-0.2	EQ 01/	8,910	0.0
(2) Net Imports (including SPR) <sup>2</sup>	3,587	3,087	16.2	E8,914		0.0
(3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)	3,690	3,217	14.7	3,132	2,542	23.2
(4) SPR Imports	57	3,217 99	194.7	3,252	2,616	24.3
(5) Exports	E160	229		46	121	
(6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (+)	-56	-102	-30.3	E167	195	-14.4
7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	417	-380		-45	-121	
(8) Products Supplied and Losses	E-66	-67		-124	54	
9) Unaccounted-for Crude	-419			E-66	-69	***
		367		239	187	
(10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries	12,296	11,758	4.6	12,051	11,502	4.8
Other Supply						
(11) NGL Production	E1,718	1,602	7.2	E1,710	1,623	5.4
12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input	E49	40	20.8	E51	_ 42	20.8
13) Crude Oil Product Supplied	E64	67	-5.6	E64	68	-5.6
14) Processing Gain	584	444	31.5	568	438	29.8
15) Net Product Imports <sup>3</sup> 16) Gross Product Imports <sup>3</sup>	829	1,331	-37.7	1,029	1,217	-15.5
16) Gross Product Imports	1,526	1,855	-17.8	1,732	1,798	-3.7
17) Product Exports	Ě697	525	32.8	É703	580	21.1
18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)4	175	99	-	409	820	
19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	15,714	15,342	2.4	15,882	15,710	1.1
roducts Supplied						
20) Motor Gasoline	7,191	6,888	4,4	6,715	6,586	1.9
21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel	222	236	-5.8	210	211	-0.5
22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel	953	968	-1.6	1,049	957	9.6
23) Distillate Fuel Oil	2,767	2,810	-1.5	3,214	3,169	1.4
24) Residual Fuel Oil 🛫	1,166	1,151	1.3	1,309	1,313	-0.3
25) Other Oils Supplied <sup>5</sup>	3,416	3,289	3.9	3,385	3,474	-2.6
26) Total Products Supplied	15,714	15,342	2.4	15,882	15,710	1.1
etroleum Stocks				ı	Percent Cha	nge from
Million Barrels)	04/25/86	04/18/86	04/25/85	Prev	/ious Week	Year Ago
rude Oil (Excluding SPR) <sup>6</sup>	333,6	339,4	339.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 7	4 7
otal Motor Gasoline	209.1	209.9			-1.7	-1.7
Finished Leaded Gasoline	65.5	65.1	217.3 78.4		-0.4	-3.8
Finished Unleaded Gasoline	109.3				0.7	-16.4
Blending Components	34.2	110.2	104.5		-0.8	4.6
aphtha-type Jet Fuel		34.6	34.4		-1.3	-0.5
erosene-type Jet Fuel	5.7 41.6	6.0	6.3		-4.1	-10.0
istillate Fuel Oil		41.2	35.8		1.0	16.1
esidual Fuel Oil	97.2	96.5	97.6		0.7	-0.3
	36.7	35.9	46.6		2.2	-21.1
nfinished <sub>7</sub> 0ils	102.3	100.4	112.6		1.9	-9.2
ther Oils'	E144.4	E139.9	151.4		3.2	-4.6
otal Stocks (Excluding SPR)	970.7	969.2	1,006.8		0.1	-3.6
rude Oil In SPR	498.2	497.6	464.3		0.1	7.3
otal Stocks (Including SPR)	1,468.8	1,466.8	471.0		0.1	-0.2

E=Estimate based on monthly data.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total. The percentages shown are calculated using unrounded numbers.

<sup>1</sup> Includes lease condensate.

<sup>2</sup> Net imports = Gross imports (line 3) + SPR imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).
3 includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

<sup>4</sup> includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.
5 includes arounde oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.
6 includes crude oil in transit to refineries.
7 included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids
(including athers) aviation gasoline blending commonents, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical

<sup>(</sup>including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils. For the current two weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock Change (Refined Products)).

Source: o 1985 Monthly Data: EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."

<sup>1986</sup> Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on EIA weekly data. Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration .

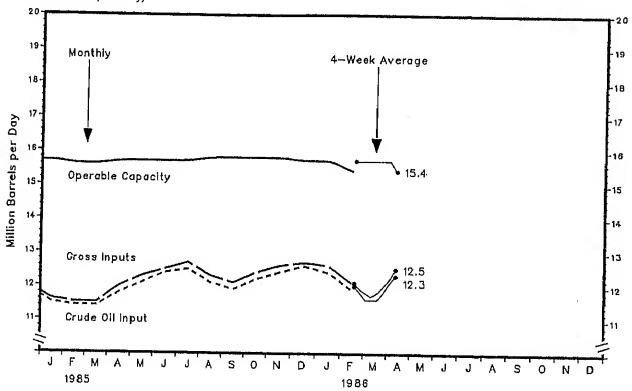
Year/Element	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1984 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization	11.6 11.8 16.1 72.9	12.3 16.1	11.9 12.1 16.1 74.9	11.9 12.1 16.1 74.9	12.2 12.4 16.1 77.4	12.3 12.4 16.1 77.3	12.0 12.2 16.1 75.7	12.3 12.5 16.0 78.2	12.3 12.5 16.0 78.0	12.0 12.2 16.0 75.9	12.1 12.3 15.9 77.2	11. 12. 15. 76.
1985 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	11.5 11.6 15.7 75.2	11.5 15.6	11.4 11.5 15.6 73.6	11.8 12.0 15.7 76.3	12.1 12.3 15.7 78.3	12.4 12.5 15.7 79.3	12.5 12.7 15.7 80.8	12.1 12.3 15.8 77.8	11.9 12.1 15.8 76.6	12.2 12.4 15.8 78.2	12.4 12.6 15.8 79.9	12. 12. 15. 81.
1986 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	12.4 12.6 15.7 80.1	11.9 12.1 15.4 78.2										
Average for Four-Week Period 1986	Ending 03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/18	04/25				
Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	12.0 12.1 E15.7 76.8	11.8 11.9 E15.7 76.0	11.6 11.8 E15.7 75.0	11.6 11.7 E15.7 74.7	11.6 11.8 E15.7 75.3	11.8 12.0 E15.7 76.3	12.1 12.2 E15.7 78.0	12.3 12.5 E15.4 80.8				
Production by Product	-						<del></del>	<del> </del>	<u></u>	<del>, ·</del>		
ear/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
984 inished Motor Gasoline Leaded Unleaded et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil	6.0 2.5 3.5 1.0 2.6 1.0	6.3 2.6 3.7 1.1 2.9	6.4 2.6 3.7 1.1 2.5 0.9	6.5 2.7 3.8 1.1 2.3 0.8	6.7 2.7 3.9 1.1 2.6 0.8	6.6 2.7 4.0 1.1 2.9 0.8	6.5 2.6 3.9 1.2 2.7 0.8	6.4 2.5 3.9 1.2 2.7	6.5 2.5 4.0 1.2 2.7	6.4 2.4 4.0 1.2 2.7	6.7 2.6 4.1 1.1 2.8	6.5 2.4 4.1 1.1 2.8
985 inished Motor Gasoline Leaded Unleaded at Fuel stillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil	5.9 2.1 3.8 1.1 2.6 1.0	5.9 2.2 3.7 1.1 2.5	6.0 2.2 3.9 1.2 2.2	6.3 2.3 4.0 1.1 2.5	6.5 2.4 4.1 1.1 2.7	6.8 2.6 4.1 1.1 2.6	6.8 2.2 4.5 1.2 2.6	0.8 6.8 2.4 4.4 1.2 2.6	6.3 2.1 4.2 1.2 2.6	6.4 2.1 4.2 1.2 2.9	6.5 2.3 4.2 1.3 3.1	1.1 6.6 2.3 4.3 1.2 3.2
el Oil	6.5 2.0 4.5 1.3 2.9	6.3 2.0 4.3 1.3 2.6 0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	. 0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1
-Week Period E	nding: 03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04 (	04/11	<u>04/</u> 18	0h /or				
isoline	6.3 2.0 4.3 1.4 2.5 0.8	6.2 2.0 4.3 1.4 2.6 0.8	6.1 1.9 4.2 1.4 2.6 0.8	6.0 1.9 4.1 1.4 2.6 0.8	6.0 1.9 4.1 1.3 2.7 0.8	6.1 1.9 4.2	6.2 1.9 4.3	04/25 6.4 2.0 4.4 1.2 2.8 0.9		-	•	

nost recent monthly data.
ion is calculated as four-week average gross inputs divided by the latest capacity. See Glossary. Percentages are calculated using unrounded numbers. stistics represent net production (i.e., refinery output minus refinery input).
Section of this publication.

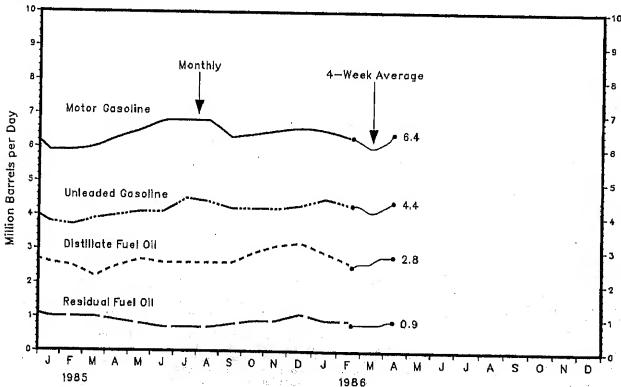
mekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

## Refinery Activity





### Production by Product (Million Barrels per Day)



Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Week Ending 04/25/86 Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1984 Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Hotor Gasoline Finished Leaded Finished Unleaded Blending Component Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	35.6 119.3 45.1 110.7 159.8 1,044.8 384.4	237.1 96.5 100.2 40.5 39.1 132.2 57.1 109.7 160.7 1,076.1 387.2	242.6 97.7 104.4 40.5 40.7 109.6 47.9 115.7 1,052.5 391.8	248.0 100.8 106.4 40.8 97.7 47.4 120.3 165.1 1,064.9 396.9	252.6 101.0 109.4 42.2 41.1 98.1 46.4 122.3 17,091.7 404.5	413.7	423.9	224.4 85.4 100.5 38.5 45.6 133.3 44.6 106.0 1,068.0 429.5	431.1	436.8	343.8 240.1 88.4 110.1 41.6 44.9 161.0 47.0 105.4 171.0 1,113.3 443.0 1,556.3	345.4 243.3 92.3 112.9 38.1 42.0 161.1 53.0 93.5 167.5 1,105.7 450.5 1,556.2
1985 Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Motor Gasoline Finished Leaded Finished Unleaded Blending Component: Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished, Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR	336.1 234.0 88.5 109.3 \$ 41.0 141.8 46.8 100.4 152.3 1,052.4	325.5 226.8 82.6 107.4 36.8 41.7 121.5 47.0 99.7 145.1 1,007.3 460.1	329.1 220.1 81.3 105.1 33.7 44.1 99.4 46.3 110.2 148.5 997.7	341.8 216.6 77.7 104.4 34.5 41.7 97.1 46.6 113.2 152.1 1,009.0	356.4 216.6 75.6 105.6 35.3 42.2 104.6 41.8 114.0 159.9 1,035.6	342.9 219.8 85.2 101.2 33.5 42.4 110.0 40.2 113.4 164.7 1,033.4	326.6 227.6 79.8 111.9 35.9 42.6 115.5 40.8 111.1 166.9	317.7 222.8 78.8 108.9 35.1 41.6 113.7 37.0 103.2 169.5 1,005.4	316.6 224.2 76.4 110.8 37.0 42.1 117.1 42.8 104.1 163.8 1,010.6	313.8 214.3 71.1 108.0 35.1 42.2 121.7 197.2 153.7 1,002.5	319.6 216.8 73.8 108.0 35.0 42.9 139.3 50.6 109.9 151.8 1,030.8 491.5	318.7 223.0 81.4 108.4 33.2 40.2 143.9 50.7 106.7 139.9
rude U11 in SPR	331.9 239.0 81.6 119.9	331.9 244.8 79.5 127.1 38.2 44.1 112.8 42.7 104.1 139.3							,,,,,,,,,		1,342,3	1,210.3
eek Ending: 986	03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/10	04/05				
il, SPR) 'n SPR	335.8 239.9 79.5 122.2 38.2 43.7 108.8 39.2 99.4 E126.3 993.1 495.8 ,488.9 1	334.5 236.2 77.9 121.6 36.7 45.7 100.9 39.0 97.6 E126.5 980.3	336.9 229.6 75.3 117.6 36.7 46.3 98.5 38.6 98.8 E126.6 975.3	345.3 226.3 74.7 117.0 34.6 46.0 97.8 38.3 96.8 E136.7 987.6	338.5 217.4 70.5 111.9 348.3 98.9 37.2 101.3 E137.4 979.0	341.8 213.8 68.5 111.4 34.0 46.5 97.7 36.9 98.2 E138.6 973.6	969.2	333.6 209.1 65.5 109.3 34.2 47.3 97.2 36.7 102.3 E144.4 970.7 498.2	- (1)	1		

See Clossary for definition of "Stock Change (Refined Products)" for explanation of other oils tology.

\*\*Define include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, and at major bulk terminals. Stocks recessing plants are included in "Other Oils" and in totals. All stock levels are as of

include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, in lease tanks, and in transit not include those held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

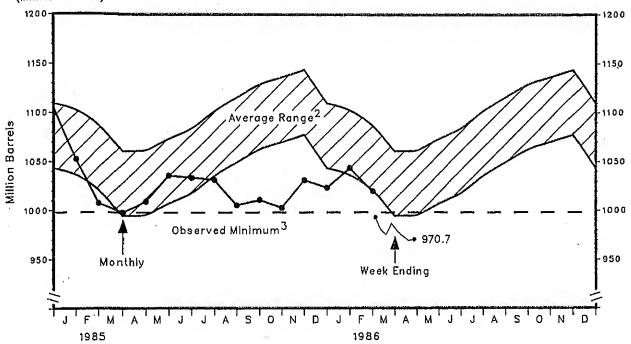
It is of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including temporal components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special tadd to total due to independent rounding.

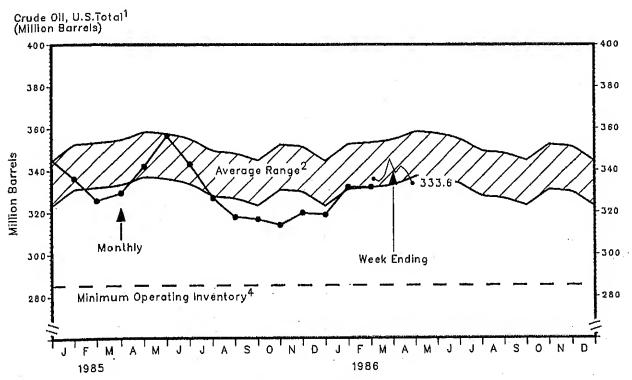
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Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

## Stocks







1 Excludes stocks held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and includes crude oil in transit to refineries.

2 Average level and width of average range are based on three years of monthly data:

January 1983—December 1985. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data.

January 1983—December 1985. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data.

See Appendix B for further explanation.

3 The observed minimum for total stocks in the last 36—month period was 997.7 million barrels, occurring in March 1985. See Appendix B for further explanation.

4 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for crude oil to be 285 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

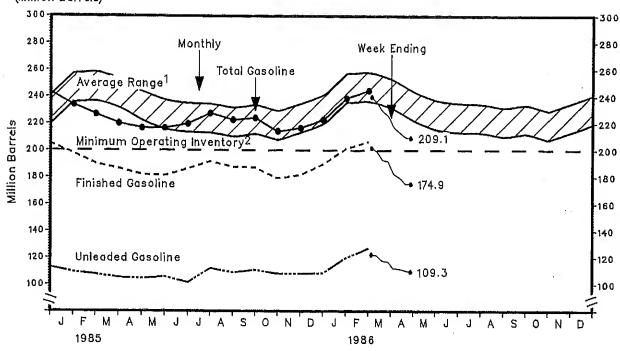
STOCKS OF MOTOR CASOLINE BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
185.5 92.3 93.3 40.1 225.7 61.8 63.2 62.4 8.4 29.9	196.6 96.5 100.2 40.5 237.1 65.2 68.4 66.1 8.7 28.6	202.1 97.7 104.4 40.5 242.6 65.3 70.6 70.9 9.0 26.8	207.1 100.8 106.4 40.8 248.0 66.9 71.4 72.5 8.7 28.5	210.4 101.0 109.4 42.2 252.6 71.1 68.3 72.9 8.8 31.5	204.1 96.7 107.5 41.4 245.5 69.4 65.5 70.9 7.9 31.7	199.7 91.8 107.9 38.4 238.1 71.8 64.6 65.1 7.5 29.0	185.9 85.4 100.5 38.5 224.4 65.4 62.7 62.8 6.4 27.0	194.1 87.5 106.6 40.0 234.1 64.8 66.8 69.5 6.2 26.8	193.0 84.0 109.0 39.4 232.4 63.2 65.5 69.6 6.3 27.9	198.5 88.4 110.1 41.6 240.1 63.5 67.6 71.4 6.9 30.7	205.2 92.3 112.9 38.1 243.3 68.1 72.4 63.1 7.9 31.8
197.8 88.5 109.3 36.2 234.0 62.3 71.1 59.7 8.5 32.5	190.0 82.6 107.4 36.8 226.8 60.7 67.5 61.1 8.5 29.1	186.4 81.3 105.1 33.7 220.1 61.4 66.1 57.3 8.2 27.2	182.0 77.7 104.4 34.5 216.6 60.0 60.4 7.1 28.8	181.3 75.6 105.6 35.3 216.6 60.8 55.3 63.2 7.1 30.2	186.3 85.2 101.2 33.5 219.8 62.6 57.9 62.2 6.7 30.4	191.7 79.8 111.9 35.9 227.6 66.3 60.6 64.8 5.5 30.4	187.7 78.8 108.9 35.1 222.8 62.2 64.8 61.9 5.4 28.4	187.2 76.4 110.8 37.0 224.2 60.3 67.3 61.2 6.0 29.5	179.1 71.1 108.0 35.1 214.3 56.5 59.1 63.5 6.3 28.8	181.8 73.8 108.0 35.0 216.8 64.7 58.0 60.8 6.6 26.8	189.8 81.4 108.4 33.2 223.0 64.9 59.2 64.1 6.8 28.0
201.5 81.6 119.9 37.6 239.0 66.4 66.7 66.4 7.8 31.7	206.6 79.5 127.1 38.2 244.8 72.3 69.9 64.9 8.0 29.8										
03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	_04/11	04/18	04/25				
201.7 79.5 122.2 38.2 239.9 71.9 70.6 60.2 8.2 29.0	199.5 77.9 121.6 36.7 236.2 68.5 69.2 61.0 8.0 29.5	193.0 75.3 117.6 36.7 229.6 65.8 67.4 59.6 7.9 29.0	191.7 74.7 117.0 34.6 226.3 67.0 66.0 57.3 7.6 28.3	182.5 70.5 111.9 34.9 217.4 64.0 65.0 54.3 7.6 26.6	179.9 68.5 111.4 34.0 213.8 63.1 62.8 54.8 7.3 25.8	175.3 65.1 110.2 34.6 209.9 60.9 54.4 7.3 26.5	174.9 65.5 109.3 34.2 209.1 59.3 60.5 56.1 7.0 26.2				
	185.5 92.3 93.3 40.1 225.7 61.8 63.2 62.4 29.9 197.8 88.5 109.3 36.2 234.0 62.3 71.1 59.7 8.5 32.5 201.5 81.6 119.9 37.6 66.4 7.8 31.7	185.5 196.6 92.3 96.5 93.3 100.2 40.1 40.5 225.7 237.1 61.8 65.2 63.2 68.4 8.7 29.9 28.6 197.8 197.4 36.2 36.8 234.0 226.8 62.3 66.7 69.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.5 32.5 29.1 201.5 206.6 61.6 79.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.0 244.8 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 103/07 03/14 201.7 199.5 77.9 122.2 121.6 38.2 36.7 29.8 103/07 03/14 201.7 199.5 77.9 122.2 121.6 38.2 36.7 239.9 236.2 71.9 68.5 70.6 69.2 60.2 61.0 8.2 8.0	185.5 196.6 202.1 92.3 96.5 97.7 93.3 100.2 104.4 40.1 40.5 40.5 225.7 237.1 242.6 61.8 65.2 65.3 63.2 68.4 70.9 8.4 8.7 9.0 29.9 28.6 26.8  197.8 190.0 186.4 88.5 82.6 81.3 109.3 107.4 105.1 36.2 36.8 33.7 234.0 226.8 220.1 62.3 66.7 61.1 59.7 61.1 57.3 8.5 8.5 8.2 32.5 29.1 27.2  201.5 206.6 81.6 79.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.0 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8  03/07 03/14 03/21  201.7 199.5 193.0 79.5 77.9 75.3 122.2 121.6 117.6 38.2 36.7 36.7 239.9 236.2 229.6 71.9 68.5 65.8 70.6 69.2 67.4 60.2 61.0 59.6 8.2 8.0 7.9	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 234.0 26.8 220.1 216.6 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 59.7 61.1 57.3 60.4 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.2 7.1 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 201.5 19.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.0 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 29.8 201.7 199.5 193.0 191.7 79.5 77.9 75.3 74.7 122.2 121.6 117.6 117.0 38.2 36.7 36.7 34.6 239.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 71.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 60.2 61.0 59.6 57.3 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.6	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 59.7 61.1 57.3 60.4 63.2 8.5 8.5 8.2 7.1 7.1 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 201.5 206.6 81.6 79.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.0 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 72.8 66.4 64.9 72.8 66.4 64.9 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 72.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 103/07 03/14 03/21 03/28 04/04 201.7 199.5 193.0 191.7 182.5 79.5 77.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 122.2 121.6 117.6 117.0 111.9 38.2 36.7 36.7 34.6 34.9 239.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 217.4 71.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 60.2 61.0 59.6 57.3 54.3 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.6 7.6	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 107.5 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 41.4 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 57.9 59.7 61.1 57.3 60.4 63.2 62.2 8.5 8.5 8.2 7.1 7.1 6.7 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 201.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 201.5 206.6 81.6 79.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.0 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 201.7 199.5 77.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 122.2 121.6 117.6 117.0 111.9 111.4 38.2 36.7 36.7 34.6 34.9 34.0 239.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 217.4 213.8 71.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.2 61.0 59.6 57.3 54.3 54.8 7.9 7.6 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.2 61.0 59.6 57.3 54.3 54.8 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.6 7.6 7.3 54.8 54.8 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.6 7.6 7.3	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 199.7 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 91.8 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 107.5 107.9 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 41.4 38.4 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 238.1 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 71.8 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 64.6 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 65.1 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 7.5 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 29.0 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 191.7 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 79.8 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 111.9 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 35.9 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 227.6 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 66.3 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 57.9 60.6 63.2 62.2 64.8 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.2 7.1 7.1 6.7 5.5 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 201.5 29.8 239.0 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 239.0 244.8 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 239.0 244.8 66.3 26.2 36.7 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 1	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 199.7 185.9 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 91.8 85.4 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 41.4 38.4 38.5 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 238.1 224.4 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 71.8 65.4 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 64.6 62.7 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 65.1 62.8 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 7.5 6.4 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 29.0 27.0 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 191.7 187.7 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 79.8 78.8 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 111.9 108.9 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 35.9 35.1 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 227.6 222.8 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 66.3 62.2 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 57.9 60.6 64.8 61.9 8.5 8.5 8.2 71.7 7.1 6.7 5.5 5.4 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 199.7 185.9 194.1 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 91.8 85.4 87.5 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 107.5 107.9 100.5 106.6 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 41.4 38.4 38.5 40.0 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 238.1 224.4 234.1 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 71.8 65.4 64.8 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 64.6 62.7 66.8 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 65.1 62.8 69.5 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 7.5 6.4 62.2 99.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 29.0 27.0 26.8 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 191.7 187.7 187.2 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 79.8 78.8 76.4 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 111.9 108.9 110.8 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 35.9 35.1 37.0 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 227.6 222.8 224.2 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 66.3 62.2 60.3 71.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 57.9 60.6 64.8 67.2 85.5 8.5 8.5 8.2 7.1 7.1 6.7 5.5 5.4 6.0 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 201.5 206.6 81.6 79.5 119.9 127.1 37.6 38.2 239.9 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 244.8 66.4 72.3 36.7 36.7 34.6 34.9 34.0 34.6 34.2 239.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 217.4 213.8 209.9 209.1 77.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 60.9 59.3 38.2 33.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 217.4 213.8 209.9 209.1 77.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 60.9 59.3 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.9 60.5 60.2 60.2 61.0 59.6 57.3 64.9 34.9 34.0 34.6 34.2 239.9 236.2 229.6 226.3 217.4 213.8 209.9 209.1 71.9 68.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 60.9 59.3 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.9 60.5 60.2 60.5 67.9 60.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 60.9 59.3 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.9 60.5 60.2 60.5 67.9 60.6 64.8 54.9 59.3 54.8 54.4 56.1 60.9 60.5 67.9 60.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.9 60.5 60.2 60.5 67.8 60.9 60.5 65.8 67.0 64.0 63.1 60.9 59.3 70.6 69.2 67.4 66.0 65.0 62.8 60.9 60.5 60.2 60.5 67.8 60.9 60.5 67.8 60.9 60.5 67.9 60.5 67.8 66.0 67.9 67.9 7.9 7.6 7.6 7.3 7.3 7.0	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 199.7 185.9 194.1 193.0 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 91.8 85.4 87.5 84.0 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 107.5 107.9 100.5 106.6 109.0 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.8 42.2 41.4 38.4 38.5 40.0 39.4 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 238.1 224.4 234.1 232.4 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 71.8 65.4 64.8 63.2 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 64.6 62.7 66.8 65.5 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 65.1 62.8 69.5 69.6 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 7.5 6.4 6.2 63.2 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 29.0 27.0 26.8 27.9 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 191.7 187.7 187.2 179.1 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 79.8 78.8 76.4 71.1 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 111.9 108.9 110.8 108.0 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 35.9 35.1 37.0 35.1 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 227.6 222.8 224.2 214.3 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 63.3 62.2 60.3 56.7 11.1 67.5 66.1 60.4 55.3 57.9 60.6 64.8 67.3 59.1 59.7 61.1 57.3 60.4 63.2 62.2 64.8 61.9 61.2 63.3 22.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 28.8 201.5 29.8 27.9 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 28.8 201.5 29.8 229.6 226.6 229.6 229.6 229.6 229.6 229.6 229.6 20.3 211.9 110.9 109.3 38.2 239.9 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.8 8.0 31.7 29.8 30.1 11.9 110.2 109.3 38.2 239.9 244.8 66.4 72.3 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.9 57.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 67.0 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.9 57.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 67.0 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.9 57.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 67.0 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.9 57.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 60.9 59.3 38.2 239.9 244.8 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 77.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 60.9 59.3 38.2 239.9 244.8 66.7 69.9 66.9 60.9 60.9 60.9 60.9 60.9 60.9	185.5 196.6 202.1 207.1 210.4 204.1 199.7 185.9 194.1 193.0 198.5 92.3 96.5 97.7 100.8 101.0 96.7 91.8 85.4 87.5 84.0 88.4 93.3 100.2 104.4 106.4 109.4 107.5 107.9 100.5 106.6 109.0 110.1 40.1 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.2 41.4 38.4 38.5 40.0 39.4 41.6 225.7 237.1 242.6 248.0 252.6 245.5 238.1 224.4 234.1 232.4 240.1 61.8 65.2 65.3 66.9 71.1 69.4 71.8 65.4 64.8 63.2 63.5 63.2 68.4 70.6 71.4 68.3 65.5 64.6 62.7 66.8 65.5 67.6 62.4 66.1 70.9 72.5 72.9 70.9 65.1 62.8 69.5 69.6 71.4 8.4 8.7 9.0 8.7 8.8 7.9 7.9 7.5 6.4 6.2 6.3 6.9 29.9 28.6 26.8 28.5 31.5 31.7 29.0 27.0 26.8 27.9 30.7 197.8 190.0 186.4 182.0 181.3 186.3 191.7 187.7 187.2 179.1 181.8 88.5 82.6 81.3 77.7 75.6 85.2 79.8 78.8 76.4 71.1 73.8 109.3 107.4 105.1 104.4 105.6 101.2 111.9 108.9 110.8 108.0 108.0 36.2 36.8 33.7 34.5 35.3 33.5 35.9 35.1 37.0 35.1 35.0 234.0 226.8 220.1 216.6 216.6 219.8 227.6 222.8 224.2 214.3 216.8 62.3 60.7 61.4 60.0 60.8 62.6 66.3 62.2 60.3 56.5 54.5 54.5 63.5 64.8 63.2 79.7 60.4 64.8 67.3 59.1 71.5 80.0 59.7 61.1 57.3 60.4 63.2 62.2 64.8 61.9 61.2 63.5 60.8 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 28.8 26.8 20.5 27.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 28.8 26.8 20.5 27.9 79.5 77.9 75.3 74.7 70.5 68.5 65.1 65.5 14.6 60.6 63.2 62.2 66.4 64.8 67.3 59.1 58.0 66.7 69.9 66.4 64.9 7.3 60.4 63.2 62.2 64.8 61.9 61.2 63.5 60.8 32.5 29.1 27.2 28.8 30.2 30.4 30.4 28.4 29.5 28.8 26.8 201.5 20.6 22.9 6.4 64.9 7.8 8.0 31.7 29.8

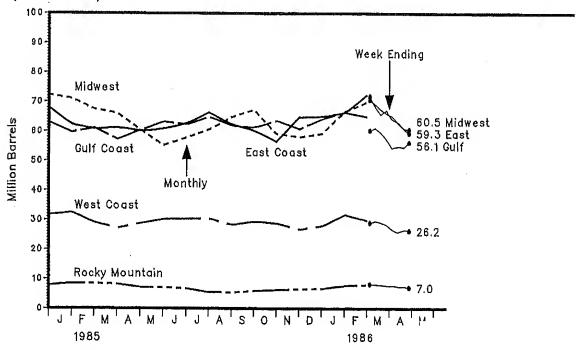
Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

## Stocks

Motor Gasoline, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level and width of average range are based on three years January 1983—December 1985. The seasonal pattern is based on seve See Appendix B for further explanation.

2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operatir inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would be defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this in total motor gasoline to be 200 million barrels. See Appendix B for furtl Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

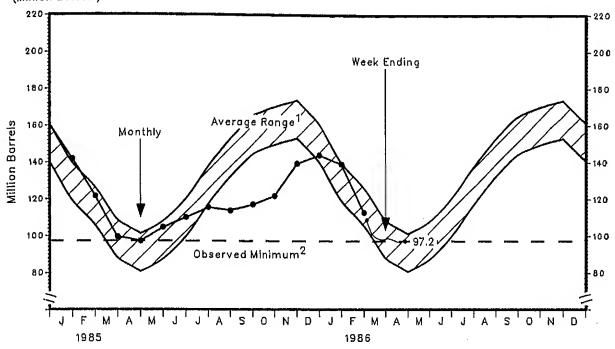
STOCKS OF DISTILLATE FUEL OIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1984 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Culf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	119.3 43.3 37.1 24.6 3.4 10.8	132.2 54.4 37.0 26.8 3.2 10.8	109.6 37.3 33.5 24.1 3.3 11.3	97.7 29.8 30.1 23.0 3.2 11.5	98.1 32.7 27.0 23.5 3.4 11.5	112.8 40.0 31.6 26.1 3.5 11.6	124.4 45.3 36.1 28.2 3.6 11.3	133.3 49.1 39.3 30.4 3.5 11.0	142.9 57.5 38.6 32.3 3.3 11.2	152.2 71.7 36.4 29.9 3.2 11.0	161.0 74.9 37.6 33.1 3.5 11.9	161.1 72.9 43.7 28.8 3.7
1985 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	141.8 55.6 44.3 27.4 3.7 10.7	121.5 43.4 40.2 23.9 3.5 10.5	99.4 32.6 32.2 21.3 2.9 10.4	97.1 31.3 29.4 24.2 2.3 9.9	104.6 33.6 30.3 27.2 2.7 10.9	110.0 34.3 32.6 28.2 3.1	115.5 38.8 32.7 28.2 3.1 12.8	113.7 41.0 32.4 25.9 2.9 11.5	117.1 47.1 32.7 24.4 2.6 10.3	121.7 50.5 32.0 27.5 2.2 9.5	139.3 62.0 33.7 30.0 2.4	143.9 58.8 37.2 32.9 2.9 12.1
1986 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	139.0 55.5 38.3 29.7 3.2 12.3	112.8 37.9 33.2 26.1 3.3 12.3									****	
Week Ending: 1986	03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/18	04/25				
Total U.S.  East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	108.8 36.6 32.4 25.4 3.0	100.9 33.0 30.5 23.1 2.9 11.4	98.5 34.6 28.0 22.0 2.5 11.4	97.8 34.4 28.9 21.4 2.3 10.9	98.9 35.2 28.6 22.6 2.5 10.1	97.7 33.7 29.0 22.5 2.4 10.1	96.5 32.6 29.5 22.4 2.3 9.8	97.2 32.4 28.5 24.5 2.4 9.4			g-1g	

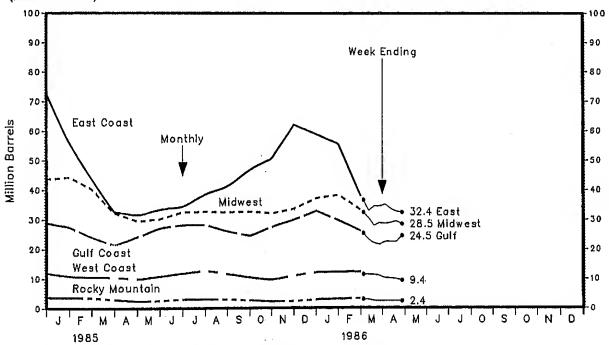
Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

## Stocks

Distillate Fuel Oil, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level and width of average range are based on three years of monthly data:
january 1983—December 1985. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data.
See Appendix B for further explanation.
2 The observed minimum for distillate fuel oil stocks in the last 36—month period was 97.1 million barrels, occurring in April 1985. See Appendix B for further explanation.
Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

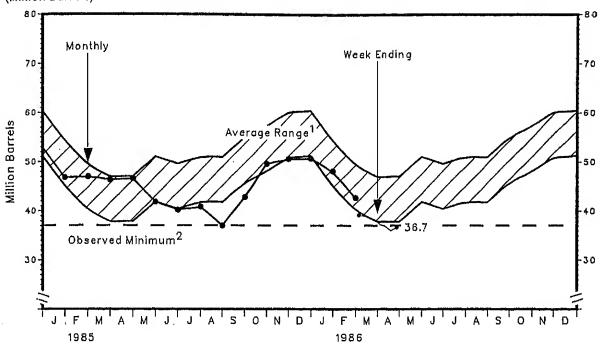
STOCKS OF RESIDUAL FUEL OIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1984		•								······································		
Total U.S.	45.1	57.1	47.9	47.4	46.4	46.9	49.2	44.6	46.8	50.8	47.0	53.0
East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2)	20.4 3.7	30.4 4.2	24.4 4.1	22.7 3.6	23.1 4.0	22.0 3.6	24.7 3.5	21.9 3.6	25.0 3.5	26.8 3.8	24.0 3.7	28.9 3.5
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	11.8	12.9	9.9	10.9	10.1	11.2	9.8	9.2	9.8	10.2	10.4	11.2
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6
West Coast(PADD 5)	8.8	9.3	9.0	9.6	8.8	9.6	10.7	9.4	8.1	9.3	8.3	8.7
1985												
Total U.S.	46.8	47.0	46.3	46.6	41.8	40.2	40.8	37.0	42.8	49.6	50.6	50.7
East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2)	23.4 3.0	21.8 3.4	21.8 3.5	20.8 3.6	17.7 3.7	17.4 3.7	18.5 3.5	14.6 3.8	19.1 3.4	24.7 3.1	24.7 3.8	23.3
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	10.7	11.6	11.0	11.7	11.7	10.7	9.7	9.2	11.9	12.8	12.3	4.0 12.6
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
West Coast(PADD 5)	9.1	9.6	9.4	10.0	8.2	7.9	8.7	9.0	7.8	8.7	9.3	10.3
1986												
Total U.S.	48.1	42.7										
East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2)	21.6 3.8	18.0										
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	11.9	4.0 10.2										
Rocky Mountain(PADD 4)	0.5	0.4										
West Coast(PADD 5)	10.3	10.0										
Heek Ending:												
1986	03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/18	04/25				
Total U.S.	39.2	39.0	38.6	30 3		36.0					*******	<del>7. 11 - 6 - 6 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1</del>
East Coast(PADD 1)	16.3	16.7	16.1	38.3 15.2	37.2 14.5	36.9 14.7	36.0 13.8	36.7 14.1				
Midwest(PADD 2)	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2				
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	9.4	8.8	8.8	9.5	10.0	10.4	10.6	10.1				
Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	0.4 9.7	0.4 9.2	0.4 9.8	0.4 9.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4				
	317	3.4	3.0	7,0	9.0	8.1	8.0	8.9				

Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

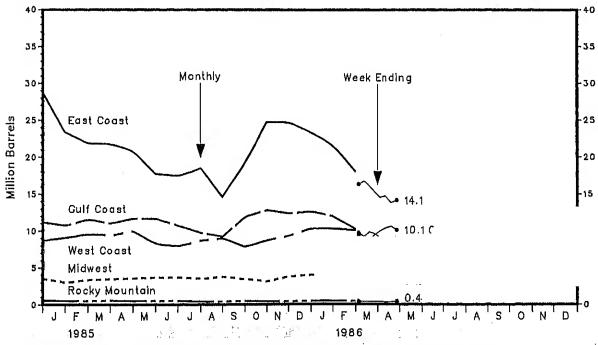
## Stocks

Residual Fuel Oil, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)

in the second se

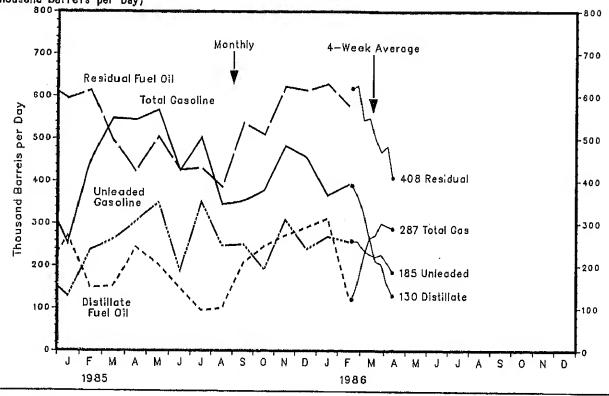


1 Average level and width of average range are based on three years of monthly data:
January 1983—December 1985. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data.
See Appendix B for further explanation.

2 The observed minimum for residual fuel oil stocks in the last 36—month period was 37.0 million barrels, occurring in August 1985. See Appendix B for further explanation.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

IMPORTS OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS BY PRODUCT (Thousand Barrels per Day)



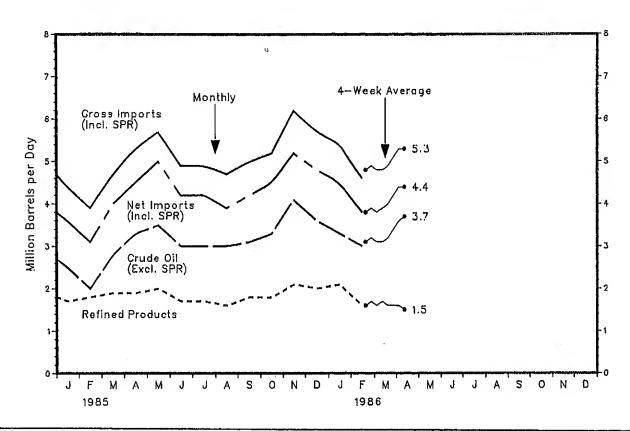
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1984											<del></del>	
Total Motor Gasoline	281	358	453	404	465	367	330	323	426	436	378	357
Leaded	98	162	197	178	170	103	68	96	166	113	134	133
Unleaded	133	137	158	140	176	193	179	146	183	195	151	175
Blending Components	50	59	98	85	119	71	83	81	77	128	93	49
Jet Fuel	65	114	49	103	56	52	40	98	33	56	36	39
Distillate Fuel Oil	299	454	115	220	253	256	199	-259	291	421	316	190
Residual Fuel 0il	1059	1151	636	651	565	685	597	572	606	461	585	627
Other Petroleum Products	672	665	579	577	698	576	595	543	553	654	688	582
1985												
Total Motor Gasoline	252	454	547	543	568	425	503	345	353	379	483	li e e
Leaded	75	109	210	170	136	197	75	55	62	131	109	455
Un1 eaded	128	238	263	305	350	188	351	247	251	191	309	140 239
Blending Components	48	107	74	68	82	41	77	43	40	56	64	
Jet Fuel	64	40	46	18	31	35	45	14	35	47	42	75 31
Distillate Fuel Oil	271	148	153	244	203	147	95	101	208	247	272	291
Residual Fuel Oil	594	614	496	422	505	426	431	386	537	509	623	
Other Petroleum Products'	495	538	640	623	687	669	658	727	631	703	691	613 660
1986												
Total Motor Gasoline	366	393										
Leaded	72	69										
Unl eaded	269	256										
Blending Components	25	68										
Jet Fuel	27	32										
Distillate Fuel Oil	312	129										
Residual Fuel 0il	629	577										
Other Petroleum Products	722	485										
Average for Four-Week Period	d Ending:	<b>55</b> (5.1										

Average for Four-Week Period Ending: 1986 03/07 03/14 03/21 03/28 04/04 04/11 04/18 04/25

Total Motor Gasoline 256 45 52 Leaded Unleaded Blending Components . 38 Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil 625 484 Residual Fuel 011 477 Other Petroleum Products 

Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

<sup>1</sup> Includes imports of kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases and other oils. Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.



Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1984 Crude Oil (Excl. SPR) SPR Refined Products Gross [mports](incl. SPR)	2.9 0.2 2.4 5.4	2.9 0.1 2.7 5.7	3.3 0.1 1.8 5.3	3.2 0.2 2.0 5.4	3.7 0.2 2.0 6.0	3.2 0.3 1.9 5.5	3.3 0.3 1.8 5.4	3.1 0.2 1.8 5.0	3.3 0.1 1.9 5.3	3.6 0.2 2.0 5.8	3.4 0.2 2.0 5.6	2.9 0.2 1.8 4.9
Total Exports' Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	0.6 4.9	0.6 5.1	0.8 4.5	0.7 4.7	0.8 5.2	0.9 4.6	0.5 4.9	0.7 4.3	0.7 4.6	0.6 5.2	0.9 4.7	1.0 3.9
1985 Crude Oil (Excl. SPR) SPR Refined Products Gross Imports (Incl. SPR) Total Exports Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	2.5 0.2 1.7 4.4 0.8 3.6	2.0 0.1 1.8 3.9 0.9 3.1	2.8 0.0 1.9 4.7 0.7	3.3 0.1 1.9 5.3 0.8 4.5	3.5 0.2 2.0 5.7 0.7 5.0	3.0 0.2 1.7 4.9 0.7	3.0 0.2 1.7 4.9 0.7 4.2	3.0 0.1 1.6 4.7 0.7 3.9	3.1 0.1 1.8 5.0 0.8 4.2	3.3 0.0 1.8 5.2 0.7 4.5	4.1 0.1 2.1 6.2 1.0 5.2	3.6 0.1 2.0 5.7 0.9 4.8
1986 Crude Oil (Excl. SPR) SPR Refined Products Gross Imports (Incl. SPR) Total Exports Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.3 0.1 2.1 5.4 0.9 4.5	3.0 0.0 1.6 4.6 0.9 3.8	-							1 .	. +	:
Average for Four-Week Period 1986	d Ending: 03/07	03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/18	04/25				
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR) SPR Refined Products Gross imports (Incl. SPR) Total Exports Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.1 0.1 1.6 4.8 E1.0 3.8	3.2 0.1 1.7 4.9 E1.0 3.9	3.1 0.1 1.6 4.8 E0.9 3.8	3.1 0.1 1.7 4.8 E0.9 3.9	3.2 0.0 1.6 4.9 E0.9	3.4 0.1 1.6 5.1 E0.9 4.2	3.6 0.0 1.6 5.3 E0.9	3.7 0.1 1.5 5.3 E0.9 4.4				

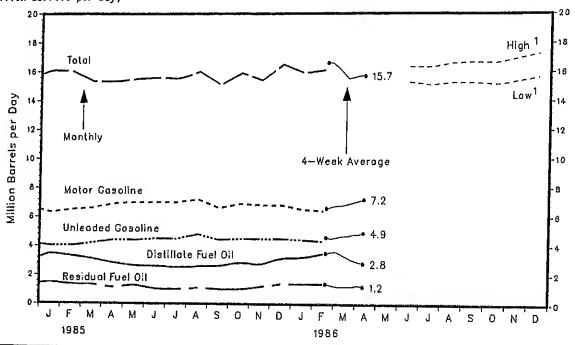
EmEstimate based on most recent monthly data available.

1 includes exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products. Exports of crude oil are prohibited by law, except to Canada. Crude oil and petroleum products shipped from the U.S. to its territories such as Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, and shipments to the Hawaiian Foreign Trade Zone are included in export statistics.

Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration



Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1984												
Finished Motor Casoline	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.8	7.4				
Leaded	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.9		2.8	7.1	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.6
Unleaded	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.0		4.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4
Jet Fuel	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	4.3	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.5	2.8	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.6		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Residual Fuel Oil	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9
Other	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5		1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.2
Total	16.8	15.4	16.1	15.6	15.6	3.6 15.7	3.7 15.5	3.9 16.1	3.6 15.2	3.8 15.6	3.5	3.5
1985								1011	12.2	15.0	15.6	15,4
Finished Motor Gasoline	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.0	7.0							
Leaded	2.3	2.5	2.4	6,9 2,6	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.6	6.9	6.8	6,8
Unleaded	4.0	4.0	4.2		2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.4	2,3	2.2
Jet Fuel	1.2	1.1		4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.5	3.3	1.1	1,2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Residual Fuel Oil	1.5		3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.7	
Other	3.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0		3.2
Total	16.1	3.7 16.0	3.2 15.3	3.3 15.3	3,4 15.5	3.8 15.6	3.8 15.5	3.8	3.7	3.8	1.2 3.4	1.4 3.8
1986						15.0	13.5	16.0	15.1	15,9	15.4	16.5
Finished Motor Gasoline	6.5	6.4						,				
Leaded	2.1											
Un1 eaded	4.4	2.1 4.3										
Jet Fuel	1.3											
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.2	1.3										
Residual Fuel Oil	1.4	3.5										
Other		1.4										
Total	3,5 15.9	3.4 16.1										
Average for Four-Week Period	Fodinge											
1986	03/07	03/14	00./04									
Finished Motor Casoline		03/14	03/21	03/28	04/04	04/11	04/18	04/25				
Leaded	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.0							
Unleaded	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2				
Jet Fuel	4.6	4.5	4.6		2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	•			
Heffilako mua oro	1.4	1.4	1.3	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9				
Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	3.5	3.6	3.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	1,2	1.2				
Residual Fuel Oil Other	1.4	1.3	1.2	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.8				
rotal	3.6	3.6		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2				
1 .	16.6	16.6	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4				
<u> </u>		, 0, 0	16.3	15.9	15.5	15,6	15.7	15.7				
								1247				

<sup>1</sup> Projected. See Appendix C for explanation of derivation of values. Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication. Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

REFINER ACQUISITION COST OF CRUDE OIL [Dollars per Barrel)

(ear/Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
983												
)omestic	30.55	29.16	28,69	00 45	00.00							
mported	31.40	30.76	28.43	28.45 27.95	28.68	28.67	28.74	28.58	28,69	28.88	28.76	28.62
Composite	30.73	29.49	28.64	28.33	28.53 28.64	29.23	28.76	29.50	29.54	29.67	29.09	29,30
		,	20101	20.33	20.04	28.85	28.75	28.88	28.97	29.14	28.85	28,83
984												
omestic	28.62	28.76	28.75	28.63	28.65	28.58	28.70	28.59	20 50	00 66	00.40	
mported	28.80	28.91	28.95	29.11	29.26	29.19	29.00	28.92	28.56 28.70	28.46 28.79	28.10	27.95
omposite	28.67	28.81	28.81	28.77	28.83	28.77	28.79	28,69	28.60	28.56	28.74 28.30	28.02 27.97
985								20,03	20.00	20.30	20.30	27.97
omestic	26 80	00.00										
mported	26.89 27.51	26.39 27.05	26.61	26.79	26.90	26.50	26.67	26.45	26.39	26.59	26.72	26.91
omposite	27.02	26.53	27.23	27.61	27.62	27.27	26.46	26.62	26.59	26.80	27.12	26.60
•	27,02	20,33	26.77	27.04	27.11	26.69	26.61	26.50	26.44	26.65	26.85	26.82
986												
omestic	25.94	20.44										
mported	24.92											
omposite	25.64											

/ERAGE RETAIL SELLING PRICES )TOR CASOLINE AND RESIDENTIAL HEATING OIL lents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

er/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
183												
tor Gasoline												
aded Regular	114.6	109.9	106.4	113.1	117.7	119.7	100 7	100 2	440.0			
Inleaded Premium	137.6		130.8	136.0	139.7	141.1	120.7 142.1	120.3 141.9	118.9	117.2	115.6	114.6
inleaded Regular	122.8	118.7	115.1	121.5	125.9	127.7	128.8	128.5	141.0 127.4	139.5	138.4	137,6
ill-Types	121.3	117.0	113.5	119.8	124.3	126.1	127.2	126.9	127.4	125.5 123.9	124.1	123.1
sidential Heating Oil	115.0	111.6	105.1	103.5	104.8	106.0	105.0	104.9	105.7	106.0	122.4 106.0	121.5
84							,	,01,5	105.7	100.0	100.0	106.7
tor Gasoline												
eaded Regular	117 1	440 =	444 -									
nleaded Premium	113.1 136.9	112.5	112.5	114.5	115.4	114.7	112.9	111.6	112.0	112.7	112.4	110.9
nleaded Regular	121.6	136.1 120.9	136.2	137.5	138.0	137.7	137.0	135.5	136.0	136.5	136.4	135.4
11-Types	120.0	119.3	121.0 119.4	122.7	123.6	122.9	121.2	119,6	120.3	120.9	120.7	119.3
sidential Heating 0111	112.0	116.9	111.3	121.1 109.8	122.1	121.4	119.7	118.4	118.9	119.5	119.3	117.9
•	11210	110,5	11143	103.0	108.4	107.2	104.8	103.3	103.6	104.9	105.3	104.8
85												
tor Gasoline												
eaded Regular	106.0	104.1	107.1	111.9	114.4	115.3	115.4	114.3	112.9	111 7		
nleaded Premium	130.4	129.0	131.0	134.0	136.0	137.1	136.7	135.9	134.9	111.7 134.2		
nleaded Regular	114.8	113.1	115.9	120.5	123.1	124.1	124.2	122.9	121.6	120.4		
ll-Types	114.5	112.8	115.5	119.9	122.3	123.3	123.3	122.2	120.9	119.8		
sidential Heating Oil	104.9	105.3	105.0	105.0	103.5	100.8	98.0	07.0	20.3	100.0		
36												
or Gasoline												
aded Regular	110.7	103.4	89.4									
ileaded Premium	133.6	128.2	116.0									
ileaded Regular	119.4	112.0	98.1									
1-Types	119.0	111.9	98.3									
idential Heating Oil	P106.4	NA	NA NA									
-												

P=Preliminary NA=Not Available 1 Residential heating oil prices do not include taxes. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Country	Type of Crude/ API Gravity	Current Price	In Effect 1 Jan 86	In Effect 1 Jan 85	In Effect 1 Jan 84	In Effect 1 Jan 83	in Effect 1 Jan 82	In Effect 1 Jan 81	In Effect 31 Dec 78
OPEC									
Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Abu Dhabi Dubai Qatar Iran Iran Iraq Kuwait Neutral Zone Algeria Nigeria Libya Indonesia Venezuela Venezuela Gabon Ecuador	Arabian Light 34° Arabian Medium 31° Arabian Heavy 27° Murban 39° Fateh 32° Dukhan 40° Iranian Light 34° Iranian Heavy 31° Kirkuk Blend 36° Kuwait Blend 31° Khafji 28° Saharan Blend 44° Bonny Light 37° Forcados 31° Es Sider 37° Minas 34° Tia Juana Light 31° Bachaquero 17° Mandji 30° Oriente 30°	15.152 14.562 12.002 12.50 9.95 10.402 14.28 10.75 9.602 12.002 17.112 17.113 11.40 10.00 13.70 11.46 9.95 9.60 11.56	28.00 27.20 26.00 28.15 26.80 28.10 28.05 27.35 28.18 27.10 26.03 29.50 28.65 28.65 28.65 28.53 28.53 28.75	29.00 27.65 26.50 29.31 28.86 29.24 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.55 26.53 30.50 28.00 27.50 30.15 29.53 29.84 27.03 29.84 27.03 29.84 27.03 29.84 27.03 29.84 27.03	29.00 27.40 26.00 29.56 28.86 29.49 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.30 26.03 30.50 30.00 29.00 29.00 29.84 27.03 25.00 29.00 27.50	34.00 32.40 31.00 34.56 33.86 34.49 31.20 29.30 34.83 32.03 35.50 34.50 34.50 35.50 34.50 35.29 34.50	34.00 32.40 31.00 35.50 35.86 35.45 34.20 32.30 34.33 37.00 36.50 36.50 35.00 35.00 35.00 32.779 34.25	32.00 31.45 31.00 36.56 35.42 37.00 37.50 25.20 40.00 40.00 40.78 35.40 28.43 27.95 36.06	12.70 12.32 12.02 13.26 12.64 13.19 13.45 12.49 13.17 12.22 12.03 14.10 15.12 13.70 13.68 13.55 13.54 12.39 11.38
Total OPEC4	NA	12.79	27.81	28.43	28,59	33.54	34.13	34.82	13.03
Non-OPEC United Kingdom Norway Mexico Mexico Egypt Oman Malaysia Brunei U.S.S.R. China Total Non-OPEC  Total World	Brent Blend 38° Ekofisk Blend 42° Isthmus 33° Maya 22° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Miri 32° Seria Light 37° Export Blend 32° Daqing 33°  NA	11.40 12.50 13.18 9.34 13.25 11.85 13.00 12.15 11.95 12.25 11.88	26.00 26.61 26.21 21.93 26.70 27.35 27.25 28.35 28.15 25.95 26.14	28.65 28.50 29.00 25.50 28.00 29.00 29.85 29.60 28.45 28.16	30.00 30.25 29.00 25.00 28.00 29.00 29.85 30.10 28.60 28.70 28.65	33.50 34.25 32.50 25.50 31.00 34.00 35.60 35.10 31.20 33.70 31.72	36.60 37.25 35.00 26.50 34.00 35.00 36.50 36.10 35.49 34.90 34.35	39.25 40.00 38.50 34.50 40.50 37.50 41.30 40.35 39.25 34.63 38.54	NA 14.20 13.10 NA 12.81 13.06 14.30 14.15 13.20 13.73
United States <sup>7</sup>	NA 	11.97	25.64	27.95	28.44	32.51	34.15	36.69	13.38

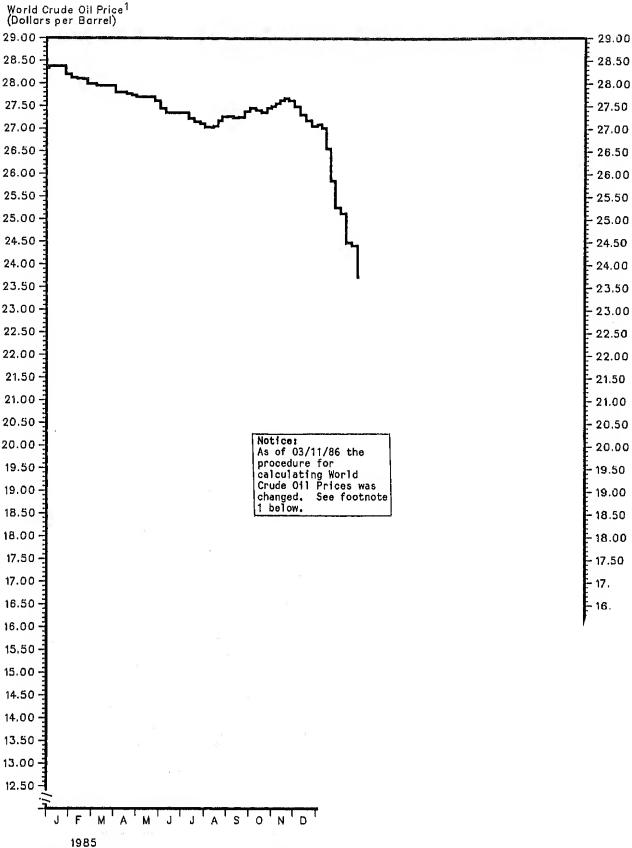
NA=Not Applicable, NA=Not Applicable,
1 Primarily official sales prices through January 1, 1986. Since the beginning of 1986, the data represent estimated contract prices based on government-stated prices, netback deals, and spot market quotations; FOB at the foreign port of lading except where noted; 30 day payment plan except where noted. See Appendix D for calculation of world oil prices.

2 Thinked netback price for feeder crudes to a Rotterdam cracking refinery. The netback price is an estimated to the gross product value of Rotterdam spot cargo prices minus an estimate of refining costs and and Sumatra Light.

The property of the second section of the second se

ces (FOB) weighted by estimated export volume.

to Northwest Europe; also called Urals. ces (FOB) weighted by estimated import volume. Sources Section of this publication.



1985

1 Average price (FOB) of internationally traded oil or official sales prices through January 1, 1986. Since the contract prices based on government—stated prices, not the foreign port of lading; 30 day payment plan.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

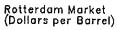
As Of 04/29/86 Weekly Petroleum Status Report

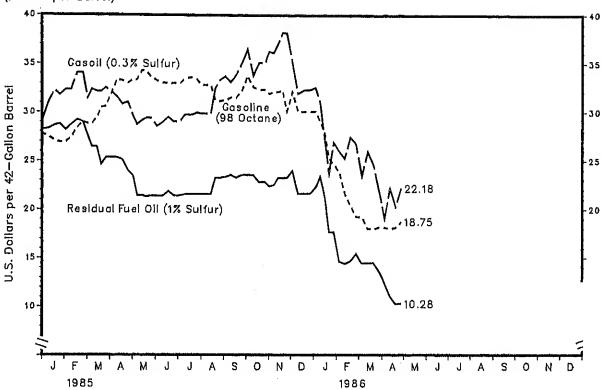
	Motor	Casoline	Gasoil/Hea	ting Oil <sup>2</sup>	Residual	Fuel Ofl <sup>3</sup>	
	Rotterdam (98 Octane)	N.Y. <sup>4</sup> (89 Octane)	Rotterdam (0.3% Sulfur)	N.Y. <sup>5</sup> (0.2% Sulfur)	Rotterdam (1% Sulfur)	N.Y. <sup>4</sup> (1% Sulfur)	
1985 Mar 15	29.42	31.61	32.10	33.12	26.42	27.35	<u></u>
22 29	30.48 30.59	33.60	32.10	35.81	24.62	27.00	
Apr 5	31.94	33.71 34.65	32.50 32.10	35.39 34.13	25.30 25.37	26.75	
12	33.35	34.65	31.56	32.97	25.30	26.65 26.25	
19	33.24	34.23	30.83	32.66	25.08	26.00	
26	33.00	34.34	31.03	32.66	23.94	25.75	
May 3 10	33.35	34.02	29.69	31.61	23.50	25.00	
10	33.35 34.29	34.65	28.69	30.77	21.40	23.85	
24	34.17	34.65 34.34	29.16 29.42	30.24 30.03	21.40	21.75	
31	33.59	34.76	29.36	30.14	21.25 21.40	22.00 22.00	
Jun 7	33.24	34.02	28.55	29.51	21.40	22.00	
14	33.00	34.13	28.95	29.61	21.40	23.50	
21	32.94	34.13	29.49	29.51	21.85	23.10	
28 Jul 5	32.94 Not avail	33.81	29.02	29.30	21.39	23.25	
12	33,47	33.81	20.76	20 77	04 FF	40.00	
19	33.59	34.86	29.76 29.69	28.77 28.81	21,55	23.00	
26	33.35	33.81	29.96	28.56	21.55 21.55	22.75 22.25	
- Aug 2	32.77	32.40	29.83	29.08	21.55	22.00	
9	32.77	31.64	29.83	29.97	21.55	22.10	
16 23	32.77	31.61	29.83	30.87	21.55	23.00	
30	31.24 31.13	32.87 32.13	32.51	31.02	23.27	23.75	
Sep 6	31.13	32.13	33.31 33.71	31.82 33.33	23.27	25.25	
13	31.54	32.34	33.11	32.97	23.35 23.57	25.25 25.00	
20	31.54	32,13	33,85	32.87	23.27	25.50	
27	32,24	33.08	35.05	34.44	23.57	25.50	
Oct 4	33.76	32,76	36.52	35.22	23.57	24.50	
11 18	32.59 32.30	32.76 35.07	33.78	33.85	23.57	24.00	
25	32.30	33.73	35.12 35.05	34.76 35.74	22.82	23.50	
Nov 1	31.88	33.51	36.26	36.64	22.82 22.37	23.50 23.25	
8	32.12	33.81	36.12	36.33	22.52	23.75	
15	32.12	34,96	37.06	36.68	23,27	24.25	
22	32.29	33.39	38.20	36.89	23.27	25.50	
29 Dec 6	30.12 32.12	34,08	38.13	37.21	23.27	25.00	
13	30.07	32,55 30,93	35.15 31.90	35.80 33.60	24.02	25.00	
20	30.07	28.79	32.30	33.91	21.62 21.62	24.25 24.25	
27	Not avail	able.		#500	21102	24,23	
1986 Jan 3	30.07	29.19	32.57	32.44	22,22	24.50	
10 17	29.13	29.08	30.96	30.87	23.42	24.50	
24	27.84 25.26	28.66 26.14	27.27	27.82	21.39	23.00	•
31	24.67	26.35	23.72 26.94	24.78 24.99	17.64	21.15	
Feb 7	23.85	21.42	26.00	21.52	17.64 14.63	17.50 15.50	
14	21.62	20.51	25.26	22.36	14.41	16.00	
21	20.39	19.40	27.47	22.15	14.71	16,25	
28 Mar 7	19.22	19.02	26.80	23.45	15,46	17.05	
14 †4	19.22 17.99	17.22	23.45	26.46	14.48	16.25	
21	17.99	17.85 19.32	26.00 24.66	24.36	14.48	15.05	
28	18.22	18.90	21.91	24.99 21.00	14.48 13.66	16.00	
Apr 4	18.11	18.63	19.03	17.43	12.38	15.45 14.00	
	17.99	19.85		44.4			
11			22.18	18.48	11.03	12.50	
11 18 25	18.17 18.75	19.53 23.10	22.18 20,30 22.18	18.48 17.43 19,22	11.03 10.28 10.28	12.50 12.50 12.25	

E for explanation of spot market product prices.
2 Heating Oil.
6 Oil.

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## Spot Market Product Prices





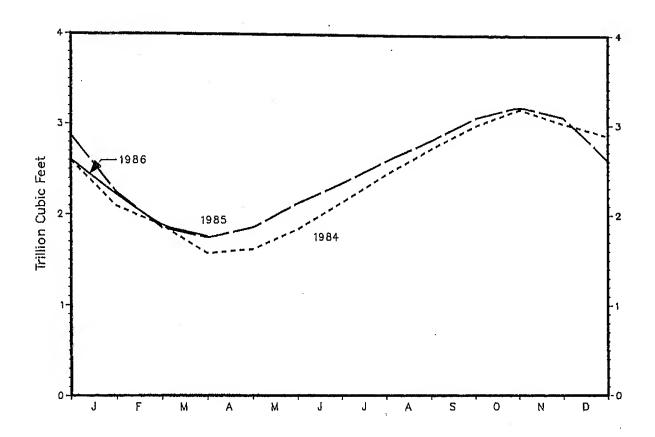
Weather data reported in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report are now taken directly from a computerized system implemented by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce.

The weather for the nation, as measured by population-weighted heating degree-days from July 1, 1985 through April 26, 1986, has been 3 percent warmer than normal and the same as last year.

U.S. TOTAL HEATING DEGREE DAYS (Population Weighted) and by CITY

				Percent	Change
	1985-1986 This Year	1984-1985 Last Year	Normal	This Year vs. Last Year	This Year vs. Normal
uly 1 - June 30		4,533	4,689		94 64
uly 1 - April 26	4,327	4,341	4,465	0	-3
ities					
A1buquerque	3,679	4,394	4,307	<del>-</del> 16	-15
Amarillo	3,909	4,079	4,114	-4	-5
Asheville	3,912	4,002	4,131	- ż	-5
Atlanta	2,516	2,672	2,972	-6	-15
Billings		7,118	6,723	-7	-1
Boise	6,642 6,216	6,587	5,416	-7 <del>-</del> 6	15
		0,307			
Boston	5,252	5,274	5,302	0	-1
Buffalo	6,154	6,124	6,401	0	-4
Cheyenne	6,455	7,182	6,701	-10	-4
Chicago	6,427	6,337	6,147	1	5
Cincinnati	4,771	4,735	5,061	1	-6
Cleveland	5,751	5,655	5,863	2	-2
Columbia, SC	416,2	2,491	2,603	-3	<del>-</del> 7
Denver	5,316	863و 5	5,633	-9	-6
Des Moines	6,601	6,198	6,346	7	4
Detroit	6,176	5,994	6,241	3 6	-1
Fargo	9,088	8,534	8,885	6	2
Hartford	5,824	5,609	5,911	4	<del>-</del> Î
Houston	1,175	1,503	1,548	-22	-24
Jacksonville	1,305	1,314	1,407	-1	<del>-7</del>
Kansas City	5,214	5,267	5,132	-1	ź
Las Vegas	1,769	2,568	2,500	-31	-29̈
Los Angeles	974	1,453	1,425	-33	-32
Memphis	2,774	2,919	3,174	-5	-13
Miami	237	234	198	1	20
Milwaukee	6,749	6,460			
Minneapolis	7,993		6,851	4	-1
Montgomery	2,054	7,415	7,675	8	4
New York	1, 1,60	1,913	2,263	7	-9
Oklahoma City	4,469	4,303	4,730	4	-6
	3,326	3,688	3,681	-10	-10
Omaha Ohiladalahir	6,270	5,941	6,015	6	4
Philadelphia	4,519	4,489	4,789	1	<b>-6</b>
Phoenix	756	1,123	1,441	<b>~33</b>	-48
Pittsburgh	5,305	5,312	5,678	0	-7
Portland, ME	6,489	6,659	6,945	-3	-7
Providence	5,296	5,253	5,587	1	-5
Raleigh	3,100	3,255	3.466	-5	~11
hmond	3,516 4,393 4,509	3,582	3,878 4,793	-2	- è
'nuis	4,393	4,573	4,793	-4	-9 -8
^R	4,509	4,573 4,708	4,451	-4	ĭ
? City	5,183	5,661	5,482	-8	-Ś
·t sco	2,265	2,578	2,760	-12	-18
	4,536	4,802	4,584	-6	-10 -1
	1,913	2,038	2,256	-6	-16
DC	3,923	3,793	4,034	3	-15 -3

ssary.



		Working Gas <sup>1</sup>		
	1984	1985	1986	
January 31 February 28 March 31 April 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 August 31 September 30 October 31 November 30	2.091 1.876 1.572 1.620 1.843 2.141 2.456 2.739 2.996 3.177 3.017	2.242 1.853 1.743 1.859 2.129 2.351 2.605 2.832 3.082 3.082 3.087	2.213 1.872 P1.759	

P=Preliminary 1 Working Gas: Gas available for withdrawal. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

## Weekly Estimates (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

Crude Oil Production	03/28/86	04/04/86	04/11/86	04/18/86	04/25/86
Domestic Production	E8,939.0	E8,815.0	E8,815.0	E8,815.0	E8,815.0
Inputs and Utilizations Crude Oil Input. Gross Inputs East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Culf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5) Operable Capacity (Million Barrels per Day) Percent Utilization	11,592.0 11,804.0 1,061.0 2,690.0 5,302.0 387.0 2,364.0 15.7 75.3	11,843.0 12,063.0 1,231.0 2,588.0 5,487.0 420.0 2,337.0 15.7 76.9	12,153.0 12,309.0 1,208.0 2,829.0 5,583.0 401.0 2,288.0 15.7 78.5	12,619.0 12,778.0 1,096.0 2,783.0 6,112.0 411.0 2,376.0 15.7 81.5	12,568.0 12,728.0 1,078.0 2,730.0 6,106.0 424.0 2,390.0 15.4 82.5
Production by Product					
Finished Motor Gasoline.  Leaded Gasoline  East Coast (PADD 1).  Midwest (PADD 2).  Gulf Coast (PADD 3).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Unleaded Gasoline.  East Coast (PADD 1).  Midwest (PADD 2).  Gulf Coast (PADD 3).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Jet Fuel  Naphtha-Type  Kerosene-Type  Distillate Fuel Oil  East Coast (PADD 1).  Midwest (PADD 2).  Gulf Coast (PADD 3).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Residual Fuel Oil	5,998.0 1,916.0 132.0 570.0 772.0 112.0 330.0 4,082.0 1,062.0 1,333.0 106.0 667.0 1,342.0 211.0 2,806.0 361.0 660.0 1,285.0 98.0 812.0	6,106.0 1,953.0 134.0 595.0 852.0 270.0 4,153.0 532.0 978.0 1,850.0 1,176.0 1,76.0 1,76.0 1,000.0 2,700.0 308.0 649.0 1,231.0 100.0 890.0	6,435.0 1,876.0 120.0 524.0 828.0 108.0 296.0 4,559.0 1,169.0 2,035.0 123.0 679.0 1,023.0 2,825.0 320.0 737.0 1,269.0 109.0 390.0 926.0	6,432.0 1,949.0 142.0 602.0 786.0 114.0 305.0 4,483.0 9659.0 726.0 1,221.0 247.0 2776.0 2,756.0 1,236.0 104.0 429.0 925.0	6,559.0 2,070.0 120.0 540.0 930.0 104.0 376.0 4,489.0 516.0 1,010.0 2,143.0 106.0 714.0 1,162.0 189.0 973.0 2,734.0 291.0 662.0 1,240.0 106.0 435.0 888.0
Imports			51010	323.0	000,0
Total Crude Oil incl SPR. Crude Oil. SPR. Finished Motor Casoline. Finished Leaded. Finished Unleaded. Blending Components. Jet Fuel. Naphtha-Type, Kerosene-Type. Distillate. Residual. Other. Total Refined Products Imports.	3,302.0 3,245.0 57.0 208.0 4.0 204.0 78.0 35.0 0.0 255.0 706.0 777.0 2,059.0	3,798.0 3,755.0 43.0 257.0 256.0 77.0 55.0 0.0 55.0 409.0 528.0 1,376.0	4,160.0 4,102.0 58.0 255.0 38.0 217.0 64.0 0.0 0.0 176.0 588.0 801.0 1,885.0	3,241.0 3,203.0 38.0 195.0 46.0 149.0 36.0 129.0 92.0 37.0 141.0 226.0 524.0	3,787.0 3,700.0 87.0 123.0 5.0 118.0 69.0 32.0 36.0 154.0 408.0 701.0
Exports			·	, , , , ,	,
Total Crude Oil Products	E853.0 E159.0 E694.0	E853.0 E159.0 E694.0	E853.0 E159.0 E694.0	E853.0 E159.0 E694.0	E866.0 E162.0 E704.0
Products Supplied Finished Motor Gasoline. Leaded. Unleaded. Total Jet Fuel. Naphtha Jet Fuel. Kerosene Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil. Residual Fuel Oil. Other Oils. Total Products Supplied.	6,389.0 2,011.0 4,378.0 1,385.0 253.0 1,132.0 3,032.0 1,351.0 2,689.0 14,848.0	7,680.0 2,547.0 5,133.0 860.0 175.0 685.0 2,474.0 1,233.0 2,874.0	7,057.0 2,209.0 4,848.0 1,424.0 170.0 1,254.0 3,041.0 1,356.0 4,124.0	7,282.0 2,480.0 4,802.0 1,227.0 290.0 937.0 2,944.0 1,072.0 3,366.0 15,890.0	6,744.0 2,009.0 4,734.0 1,190.0 255.0 935.0 2,609.0 1,002.0 3,298.0

E=Estimate based on monthly data.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

#### Appendix A

#### EIA WEEKLY DATA: SURVEY DESIGN AND ESTIMATION METHODS

The Weekly Petroleum Reporting System (WPRS) comprises five surveys: the "Weekly Refinery Report" (EIA-800); the "Weekly Bulk Terminal Report" (EIA-801); the "Weekly Product Pipeline Report" (EIA-802); the "Weekly Crude Oil Stocks Report" (EIA-803); and the "Weekly Imports Report" (EIA-804). The EIA weekly reporting system, as part of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System, was designed to collect data similar to those collected monthly. In the WPRS, selected petroleum companies report weekly data to EIA on crude oil and petroleum product stocks, refinery inputs and production, and crude oil and petroleum product imports. On the Forms EIA-800 through EIA-803, companies report data on a custody basis. On the Form EIA-804, the importer of record reports each shipment entering the United States. Current weekly data and the most recent monthly data are used to estimate the published weekly totals.

#### Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report weekly in the WPRS was selected from the universe of companies that report monthly. All sampled companies report data only for facilities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-800 sample frame includes all petroleum refineries in the United States and its territories, industrial facilities that have crude oil distillation capacity and produce some refined petroleum products, and bulk terminals that blend motor gasoline. The EIA-801 sample frame includes all bulk terminal facilities in the United States and its territories that have total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. The EIA-802 sample frame includes all petroleum product pipeline companies in the United States and its territories that transport refined petroleum products, including interstate, intrastate, and intracompany pipeline movements. Pipeline companies that transport only natural gas liquids are not included in the EIA-802 frame. Only those pipeline companies which transport products covered in the weekly survey are included. The EIA-803 sample frame consists of all companies which carry or store crude oil of 1,000 barrels or more. Included are gathering and trunk pipeline companies (including interstate, intrastate and intracompany pipelines), crude oil producers, terminal operators, storers of crude oil, and companies transporting Alaskan crude oil by water. The EIA-804 sample frame includes all importers of record of crude oil and petroleum products into the United States.

#### Sampling

The sampling procedure used for the weekly system is the cut-off method. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of the quantities reported during some previous period. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers about 90 percent of the total for each item and each geographic region for which weekly data are published.

	Refiners (Refineries)	Bulk Terminals	Product Pipelines	Crude Oil Stock Holders	Importers
Weekly Form	E A-800	EIA-801	EIA-802	EIA-803	EIA-804
Monthly Frame Size	152(256)	318	89	181	1413
Weekly Sample Size	60(156)	72	50	87	86

#### Collection Methods

Data are collected by mail, mailgram, telephone, Telex, and Telefax on a weekly basis. All canvassed firms must file by 5:00 p.m. on the Monday following the close of the report week, 7 a.m. Friday. During the processing week, company corrections of the prior week's data are also entered.

### Estimation and imputation

After the company reports have been checked and entered into the weekly data base, explicit imputation is done for companies which have not yet responded. The imputed values are exponentially smoothed means of recent weekly reported values for this specific company. The imputed values are treated like reported values in the estimation procedure, which calculates ratio estimates of the weekly totals. First, the current week's data for a given product reported by companies in a geographic region are surmed. (Call this weekly sum, W<sub>s</sub>). Next, the most recent month's data for the product reported by those same companies are summed. (Call this monthly sum, M<sub>s</sub>). Finally, let M<sub>s</sub> be the sum of most recent month's data for the product as reported by all companies. Then, the current week's ratio estimate for that product for all companies, W<sub>t</sub>, is given by:

$$W_t = \frac{M_t}{M_s} \cdot W_s$$

This procedure is used directly to estimate total weekly inputs to refineries and production. To estimate stocks of finished products, the preceding procedure is followed separately for refineries, bulk terminals, and pipelines. Total estimates are formed by summing over establishment types.

Weekly imports data are highly variable on a company-by-company basis or a week-by-week basis. Therefore, an exponentially smoothed ratio has been developed. The estimate of total weekly imports is the product of the smoothed ratio and the sum of the weekly reported values and imputed values. Imports of other oils include an adjustment from Census data for unlicensed products because of coverage differences between the monthly imports data and Census data.

#### Response Rates

The response rate as of the day after the filing deadline is about 80 percent for the EIA-800; 75 percent for the EIA-801; 95 percent for the EIA-802; 80 percent for the EIA-803 and greater than 95 percent for the EIA-804. However, more forms are received the next day, bringing the final response rates up. Late respondents are contacted by telephone. Nearly all of the major companies report on time. The nonresponse rate for the published estimates is usually between 2 percent and 5 percent.

#### Appendix B

#### INTERPRETATION AND DERIVATION OF AVERAGE INVENTORY LEVELS

The national inventory (stocks) graphs for total petroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil in this publication include features to assist in comparing current inventory levels with past inventory levels and with judgements of critical levels. Methods used in developing the average inventory levels and minimum operating levels are described below.

#### Average Inventory Levels

The charts displaying inventory levels of crude oil and petroleum products (p.7), crude oil (p.7), motor gasoline (p.9), distillate fuel oil (p.11), and residual fuel oil (p.13) provide the reader with actual inventory data compared to an "average range" from the most recent 3-year period running from January through December or from July through June. The ranges are updated every six months in April and October. The 3-year period is adjusted by dropping the oldest 6 months and including the most recent 6 months. The ranges also reflect seasonal variation determined from a longer time period. The seasonal factors, which determine the shape of the upper and lower curves, are updated annually in October, using the most recent year's final monthly data.

The monthly seasonal factors are estimated by means of a seasonal adjustment technique developed at the Bureau of Census (Census X-11). The seasonal factors are assumed to be stable (i.e., unchanging from year to year) and additive (i.e., the series is deseasonalized by subtracting the seasonal factor for the appropriate month from the reported inventory levels). The intent of deseasonalization is to remove only annual variation from the data. Thus, deseasonalized series would contain the same trends, cyclical components, and irregularities as the original data. The seasonal factors were derived using monthly data from 1978-1984.

After seasonal factors are derived, data from the most recent 3-year period (January-December or July-June) are deseasonalized. The average of the deseasonalized 36-month series determines the midpoint of the deseasonalized average band. The standard deviation of the deseasonalized 36-months is calculated adjusting for extreme data points. The upper curve of the "average range" is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors plus the standard deviation. The lower curve is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors minus the standard deviation. Thus, the width of the "average range" is twice the standard deviation. The values of the upper and lower curves are presented in the table below.

## Values of Average Ranges in Inventory Graphs (Millions of Barrels)

				((1))	TOIIS OF	Dal 1 0 1 9 1						
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
					Lower Ra	inge				·		
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1037.1 330.9 235.8 118.4 45.1	1021.7 331.9 237.0 106.2 40.1	994.2 332.8 232.3 87.5 37.7	994.9 337.1 222.2 80.6 37.9	1007.5 335.9 215.7 86.8 41.9	1016.9 333.7 213.4 99.2 40.4	1036.2 327.5 213.2 117.6 41.9	1049.5 326.6 210.0 132.6 41.7	1063.4 323.1 212.5 145.0 45.8	1069.9 330.7 207.8 149.7 48.1	1077.4 329.8 213.4 153.1 50.9	1043.3 322.8 219.5 140.8 51.3
					Upper Ra	inge						
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1103.2 352.4 257.4 138.9 54.3	1087.8 353.3 258.6 126.7 49.3	1060,3 354.3 253.9 108.0 46.9	1061.0 358.6 243.8 101.1 47.1	1073.6 357.3 237.3 107.3 51.1	1083.0 355.2 235.0 119.7 49.6	1102.3 348.9 234.8 138.1 51.1	1115.6 348.1 231.6 153.1 50.9	1129.5 344.5 234.2 165.5 55.0	1136.0 352.1 229.4 170.2 57.3	1143.5 351.2 235.0 173.6 60.1	1109.4 344.3 241.1 161.3 60.5

### Minimum Operating Inventories

The lines labeled "Minimum Operating Inventory" (MOI) on the stocks graphs for crude oil and motor gasoline represent estimates of those inventory levels made by the National Petroleum Council (NPC) and published in November 1983 in "Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity -- An Interim Report." The NPC defines the MOI as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. The NPC report presents the findings of a study which was directed by the NPC's Committee on Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity. MOI estimates presented in the report were developed by consensus through a decision-making process that

relied on the judgement of Committee members based on their operating experience, on historical inventory trends, and on the results of an NPC survey of companies that provide primary inventory data to the Energy Information Administration (EIA). The estimated values are: crude oil -- 285 million barrels; and motor gasoline -- 200 million barrels. Prior to April 24, 1986, the EIA also published MO! estimates for both distillate fuel oil (105 million barrels) and residual fuel oil (40 million barrels) stocks.

EIA currently publishes "observed minimum" levels on its "Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Total" graph as well as on graphs of "Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil, U.S. Total" and "Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil, U.S. Total". These observed minimums are the lowest inventory levels observed during the most recent 36-month period as published in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

#### Appendix C

## PROJECTION FROM THE SHORT-TERM ENERGY OUTLOOK, JANUARY 1986

The projections of "high" and "low" total petroleum demand, shown in the WPSR as total product supplied, are from the Office of Energy Markets and End Use, Short-Term Energy Outlook (Outlook), January 1986. The three forecast cases presented in this edition of the Outlook, with projections for 1986 through mid-1987, are based on different assumptions about the growth of the U.S. economy and the associated price of imported crude oil to U.S. refiners.

In the high economic growth case:

- One year growth in the real Gross National Product (GNP) is projected to be 3.8 percent for 1986 and 5.4 percent for the first half of 1987.
- O.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to average \$20.80 a barrel in 1986, and then fall to an average of \$20.00 a barrel in the first half of 1987, in current dollars.

In the base case:

- One year growth in the GNP is projected to be 2.1 percent for 1986 and 3.3 percent for the first half of 1987.
- U.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to average \$24.80 a barrel in 1986, and \$24.00 a barrel in the first half of 1987, in current dollars.

In the low economic growth case:

- One year CNP growth is projected to be -0.2 percent for 1986 and 0.6 percent for the first half of 1987.
- U.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to average \$27.00 a barrel in 1986, and to remain at that level in the first half of 1987, in current dollars.

The plots of the low and high product supplied estimates incorporate an additional sensitivity adjustment for weather, as estimated in the <u>Short-Term Energy Outlook</u>, Table 13.

For more detailed information on the above (and other components of the forecast), please refer to the published report, Short-Term Energy Outlook, January 1986.

Copies of the report are available from:

National Energy Information Center Room 1F-048, Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585 Telephone 202-252-8800

#### Appendix D

#### CALCULATION OF WORLD OIL PRICES

The weighted average international price of oil, shown in the "Highlights" on page 1 and on page 18, is an average calculated using specific crude oil prices weighted by the estimated crude oil export volume for each oil-producing country. To develop the table shown on page 18, a list of major oil producing/exporting countries was chosen. For each country, the contract selling price of one or more representative crude oils was determined by investigating a number of industry publications (i.e., "Oil Buyers' Guide", "Platt's Oilgram Price Report", "Petroleum Intelligence Weekly", and "Weekly Petroleum Argus") and by contacting oil market analysts.

Then, the appropriate crude oil volumes to be used as weighting factors for each country were determined. These volumes are estimates based on a number of sources which provide data on production, consumption, and exports for these countries. Export volumes for a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors. After the export volumes had been determined, simple mathematical weighted averages were calculated to arrive at the "Total OPEC," "Total Non-OPEC," and "Total World" prices.

The average United States (FOB) import price is derived by the same basic procedure as the world oil price, that is, taking the representative contract crude oil price of a specific crude oil from a particular country and weighting this price by a certain volume of crude oil. In this case, the weighting factors are the volumes of crude oil imported into the U.S. from pertinent countries. Import volumes from a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors.

Both the import and export volumes are preliminary. Due to their origin, these estimates cannot be fully verified. These volumes are updated monthly, or more frequently when changes in oil market conditions make updating appropriate.

#### Appendix E

### EXPLANATION OF SPOT MARKET PRODUCT PRICES

Definition of spot market product prices for the Rotterdam market: Represent the mid point of the bid/asked price range for CIF cargoes scheduled for prompt arrival at Rotterdam (within 48 hours).

Definition of spot market product prices for the New York market: Represent last sale price reported or offered. Prices are ex-duty and do not include Federal or state taxes.

General definition of spot prices: A transaction concluded "on the spot," that is, on a one-time prompt delivery basis, usually referring to a transaction involving only one cargo of product. This contrasts with a term contract sale which obligates the seller to furnish product on an evenly-spread delivery basis over an extended period of time, usually for one year.

#### **GLOSSARY**

- o Barrel. A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and petroleum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.
- CIF. Literally, "Cost, Insurance, Freight". This term refers to a type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the FOB value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of a transaction differs from a "Delivered" purchase, in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Lading and Quality Report) rather than pay based on the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an FOB sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.
- o Cooling Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is above 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- Crude 0il. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Lease condensate and drips are included but topped crude oil (residual) and other unfinished oils are excluded.
- o Crude Oil Input. The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.
- Degree-Day Normals. Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). These may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.
- o Distillate Fuel Oils. Includes No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. These are light fuel oils used primarily for home heating, as a diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and for electric power generation.
- o FOB. Literally, "Free On Board". Pertains to a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed on period at a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
- o Gasoil. European designation for No. 2 heating oil, and diesel fuel.
- o Gross Inputs. The crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids put into distillation units.
- Heating Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is below 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- o Imports. Unless otherwise specified in this report, refers to gross imports. Imports of minor products ("other oils") include aviation gasoline, kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, plant condensate, potrochemical feedstocks, lube oils, waxes, special naphthas, coke, asphalt, and other miscellaneous oils.
- Jet Fuel. Includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.
- o Motor Gasoline. Finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and blending components in the gasoline range. Production data represent finished leaded gasoline and finished unleaded gasoline. Stocks and imports data consist of the two types of finished gasoline and blending components. Stock change used in the calculation of motor gasoline product supplied is the change in finished motor gasoline stocks.
- Operable Capacity. The maximum amount of input that can be processed by a crude oil distillation unit in a 24-hour period, making allowances for processing limitations due to types and grades of inputs, limitations of downstream facilities, scheduled and unscheduled downtimes, and environmental constraints. Includes any shutdown capacity that could be placed in operation within 90 days.
- Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). Five geographical areas into which the nation was divided by the Petroleum Administration for Defense for purposes of administration. These PADDs include the states listed below:
  - PADD 1: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.
  - PADD 2: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.
  - PADD 3: Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico and Texas.
  - PADD 4: Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming.
  - PADD 5: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington.

Population-Weighted Degree-Days. Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population weighted degree-day figure.

Product Supplied. A value calculated for specific products which is equal to domestic production plus net imports (imports less exports), less the net increase in primary stocks. Total products supplied is calculated as inputs to refineries, plus estimated refinery gains, plus other hydrocarbon input, plus product imports, less product exports, less the net increase in product stocks. Values shown for "Other Oils" product supplied are the difference between total product supplied and product supplied values for specified products. Other oils product supplied incorporates crude oil product supplied and reclassified product adjustment.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil. The average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1131. Imported crude oil is any crude oil which is not domestic oil. The composite is the weighted average price of domestic and imported crude oil. Prices do not include the price of crude oil for the SPR.

Refinery Capacity Utilization. Ratio of the total amount of crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids run through crude oil distillation units to the operable capacity of these units. In the period 1979-1984 the refinery capacity utilization for all U.S. refineries ranged between 87 percent and 65 percent. The ratio for an individual refinery may fluctuate much more depending on the type of crude and other raw materials processed, the types of products produced, and the operating conditions of the refinery.

Residual Fuel Oils. Includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils which are heavy oils used primarily for electric power generation, for industrial and commercial space heating, as a ship fuel, and for various industrial uses.

Retail Motor Gasoline Prices. Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Stock Change (Refined Products). Component of Product Supplied calculation shown on U.S. Petroleum Balance. The product stock change shown on the U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet for the current 4-week period is calculated in the following way; an average daily stock change is calculated for major refined products (i.e., all actual reported stocks); this stock change is added to an estimate for minor product stock change based on historical monthly data; a daily average stock change for refined product stocks for the 4-week period is then calculated. To calculate minor product stock change, the stock levels shown for other oils in the stock section of the balance sheet are used. These other oils stock levels are derived by: 1) computing an average daily rate of stock change for each month based on monthly data for the past six years; 2) using this daily rate and the minor stock levels from the most recent monthly publication to estimate the minor product stock level for the current period.

Stocks. For individual products in the WPSR, quantities held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals which have a capacity of 50 thousand barrels or more, and in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but included in "Other Oils" estimates and "Total."

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil. A term which appears in U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet. It reconciles the difference between data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) about disposition. Its value can be positive or negative since it is a balancing term. As it appears in the monthly publications, it reflects the accuracy of the reported data. Because the unaccounted-for crude oil figure reflects the accuracy of reported and estimated figures, one would expect the figure to be larger in balances using preliminary or estimated data and smaller in balances using final data. In fact, the published figures confirm this expectation. In the WPSR, four-week averages for the previous year are interpolated from final that for the current period.

United States. For the purpose of the report, the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Data for the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and other U.S. territories are not included in the U.S. Totals.

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  o Motor Gasoline Bureau of Labor Statistics. See glossary description for "Retail Motor Gasoline Prices."
- o Residential Heating Oil Forms EIA-782A, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," and EIA-782B, "Monthly No. 2 Distillate Sales Report."

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